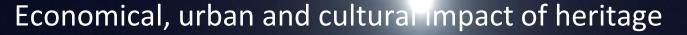


Outline presentation



- 1 Brief presentation of Amsterdam
- 2 History of the site and neighbourhood
- 3 Project of renovation
- 4 What we are now

WesterGasfabriek



540 years ago, Amsterdam's the earliest recorded

Famous for its Golden Age 17th century, enormous growth and wealth

Stock exchange was launched here: the first company which share could be traded was the Dutch East Indian Company

Since centuries Amsterdam has been playground for many nationalities, and divers religious backgrond. Currently Amsterdam has over 800.000 inhabitants with 176 different nationalities

"Live and let live" is the Dutch adagio

Amsterdam grows in 19th and 20th century, after period of decrease. New neighbourhoods outside the canals were build. Amsterdam West is one of them



In the 19th century, Amsterdam, like most European cities, switched in the public lightning from candle to – the much saver- gas lighting

In 1835 just outside Amsterdam, the English association ICGA (Imperial Continental Gas Association) build The Westergas Factory. Soon after the construction, the city of Amsterdam purchased the factory

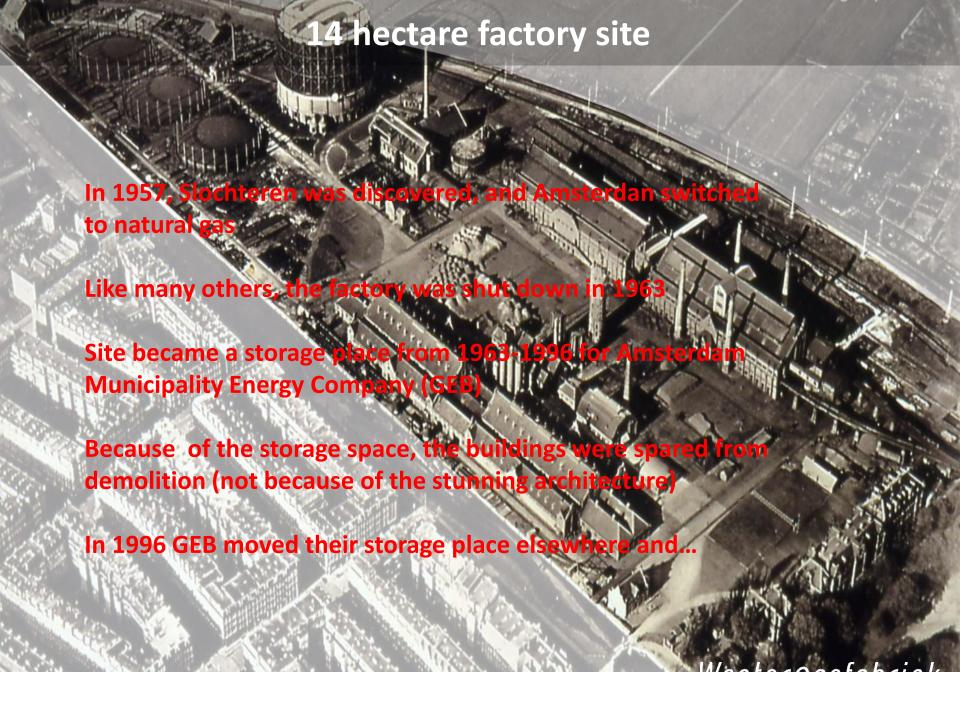
Originally, the land was designated for a city park

Gas was extracted from coal and distributed to the city

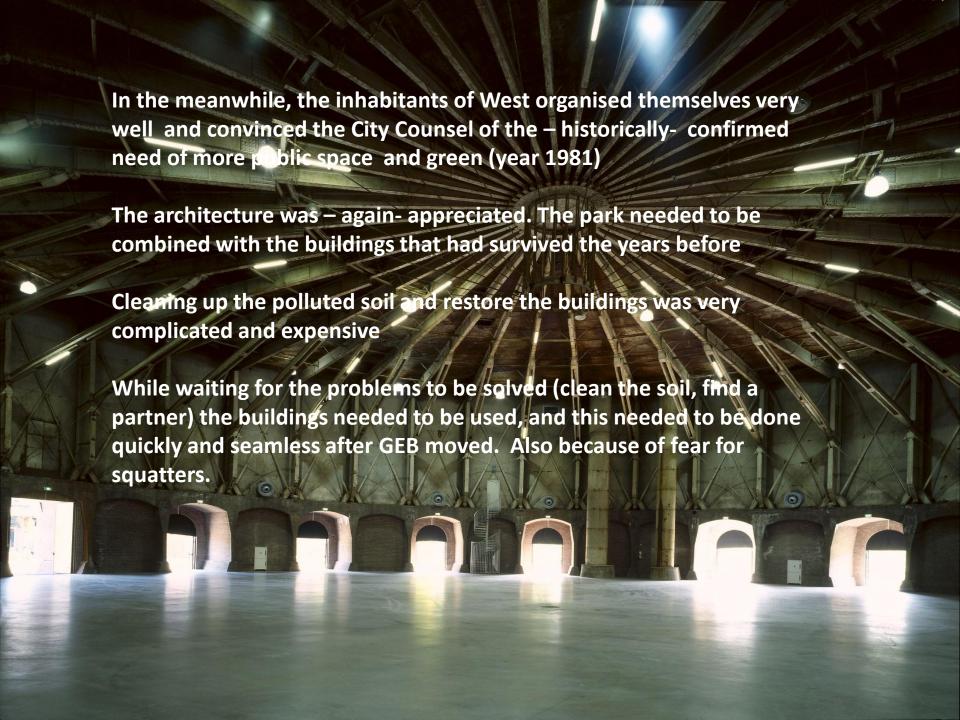
During the first 20-30 years, the factory was surrounded by meadow and cannels

In 1920, the Staatsliedenbuurt was constructed, just on the other side of the canal. A working class neighbourhood, with high density of houses, narrow streets and barely any park or green areas

WesterGasfabriek













Temporary use

- In 1992, it was decided to give the site a for maximum of 18 months temporary content. The small team with excellent network in the cultural sector was installed by the city, started in 1993. They were physically based at the Westergasfabriek
- Combination of events (few days) and more permanent tenants. Both with a very wide ranch
- Events: The extreme and unexpected was possible. 24 hours events, Drum Rhythm Festival, house parties in the gasholder and the week after an opera produced by the Holland Festival
- The tenants were cultural entrepreneurs who rented space.
 Office, but more eventually artists and open studio's/stages.
- The team carefully selected on cultural and added value to the other events / tenants and diversity was desired.

pecame 6 yea It became clear that restoring the real estate and cleaning the polluted soil was to expensive for the Municipality A partner was searched and found: MAB BV, privately owned, was asked to restore the buildings. Contract was signed in December 1999 The cleaning of the soil was paid by the **Amsterdam** Though facing a lot of 'head wind' the successful public - private co-operation at the Westergasfabriek was born WesterGasfabriek







Difficulties and pit falls

Without cultural or social fundament, the money wins Local governments, project developers, business people and creative's each speak their own language Find investors willing to accept low returns (cultural entrepreneurs) Keep a healthy balance between commercial and cultural prospective Don't let the big brands rule WesterGasfabriek

Cities are the new Nations City's all want to attract talent, students, families and HQ People and companies are no longer bound to one location. **Footloose** City's that are liveable for inhabitants, lovable for visitors are profitable for companies Increase of social mobility: Culture en economic growth go hand in hand Better neighbourhoods Entrepreneurship / culture new innovations cities with the ability to adopt to the changing world are the winners Adopt is re-use re- invent Westergasfabriek embodies this all WesterGasfabriek



Westergasfabriek BV / Ltd. Healthy and independent Gasfabriek



Park: Giving space... to the neighborhood





















